## Hydration of Periclase and the Influence of pH on Brucite Crystal Morphology

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The transformation of periclase [MgO] to brucite [Mg(OH)<sub>2</sub>] via hydration is known as an important reaction due to the increase in solid volume by H<sub>2</sub>O consumption, and energy transfer. Despite extensive research on the conversion of MgO to Mg(OH)<sub>2</sub>, the key factors governing its kinetics, reaction mechanisms, and the size, shape, and orientation of individual brucite crystals remain only partially understood. The selfregulating pH during hydration is strongly influenced by impurities in the raw material, such as CaO or MgCl2. Furthermore, pH plays an important role in controlling the hydration rate and the morphology of newly formed brucite crystals [1]. In this study, laboratory experiments were conducted using highly pure synthesized MgO (≈99.9%) to investigate its transformation into Mg(OH)<sub>2</sub> while eliminating the influence of foreign components. By maintaining pH levels between 11 and 13, it appears that the surface charge of both MgO and the newly formed Mg(OH)2, along with their respective precipitation rates, governs the availability of dissolved Mg<sup>2+</sup> and, consequently, the resulting brucite crystal morphology. Below the point of zero charge (pH<sub>PZC</sub>  $\approx$  11.5  $\pm$  0.5) of MgO and Mg(OH)<sub>2</sub>, subhedral flaky hexagonal brucite crystals dominate at pH  $\approx$  10.0. At pH  $\approx$ 11.5, brucite develops euhedral forms, exhibiting pyramidal to tabular morphologies with smooth crystal surfaces. At pH  $\approx$  13.0, brucite also exhibits tabular shapes but with a preferred growth along the c-axis. Additionally, the reactive solution was labeled with  $\delta^2$ H- and  $\delta^{18}$ O-depleted water to trace the dissolution pathways of MgO and the subsequent formation of Mg(OH)<sub>2</sub>. By advancing our understanding of hydration kinetics and crystal growth mechanisms, brucite can be optimized for specialized applications and tailored product engineering.

[1] Pettauer, M., Baldermann, A., Eder, S., & Dietzel, M. (2024). Hydration of MgO: reaction kinetics and pH control on brucite crystal morphology. *Crystal Growth & Design*, *24*(7), 3085-3092.