Li and B Isotope Ratio of Seven Glass Reference Materials (OJY-1, OH-1, OA-1, CGSG-1, CGSG-2, CGSG-4 and CGSG-5): New Reference Materials for *in situ* δ⁷Li and δ¹¹B Microanalysis

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Lithium and boron isotope geochemistry are widely applied to a variety of Earth Science disciplines. *In situ* micro analysis of Li and B isotope ratios requires matrix-matched reference materials for calibration, method validation and inter-laboratory data comparison. In this study, we characterized the Li and B isotope ratios (δ^7 Li and δ^{11} B) of the seven glass reference materials OJY-1, OH-1, OA-1, CGSG-1, CGSG-2, CGSG-4 and CGSG-5. These seven materials exhibit relative homogenous δ^7 Li and δ^{11} B values at the spatial resolution of 10-120 mm, as revealed by multiple spot analyses using LA-MC-ICP-MS (n = 80-100) and SIMS (n = 8-12) on different grains. The 2SD of δ^7 Li and δ^{11} B in these materials as determined by LA-MC-ICP-MS and SIMS analysis range from 0.4 to 1.5 \%. Recommended δ^7 Li and δ^{11} B values were determined using solution MC-ICP-MS techniques, and data from independent laboratories showed high precision with discrepancies within ~1.50 \%. The Li and B mass fractions of the various glasses differ, ranging from ~40 mg g⁻¹ to 2000 mg g⁻¹ and ~40 mg g⁻¹ to 5000 mg g⁻¹, respectively. The various glasses also have different $\delta^7 Li$ and $\delta^{11} B$ values. The $\delta^7 Li$ and δ^{11} B values range from +0.99 to +5.69 % and -10.92 to +0.25 %, respectively. Notably, OA-1 and OH-1 are high-silica glasses (SiO₂ > 75 wt%) and may be beneficial for research in lithium and boron isotope geochemistry on highly evolved magmatic rocks. These investigated glasses have great potential as reference materials for the in situ microanalysis Li and B isotope ratios.