

## **Mantle magma meets low- $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ crust in melilitite pipes of Namaqualand, South Africa**

**CHRIS HARRIS<sup>1</sup>, PHILIP E. JANNEY<sup>2</sup> AND MICHAEL  
KIRCHNER<sup>2</sup>**

<sup>1</sup>University of Cape Town, Department of Geological Science,  
Rondebosch 7700, Cape Town, South Africa.

<sup>2</sup>University of Cape Town

Olivine melilitite pipes are among the youngest magmatic rocks in South Africa. The Namaqualand cluster comprises at least 10 closely spaced subvolcanic diatremes that span an age range of 35-56 Ma. These pipes, themselves, are part of the 400-km-long Namaqualand-Bushmanland-Warmbad (NBW) melilitite province, which extends from near the west coast of Namaqualand, to the Warmbad region of south-eastern Namibia (Day et al., 2014). The basement rocks through which all Namaqualand pipes were emplaced belongs to the Garies Terrane of the Namaqua-Natal Mobile Belt except for the most southerly pipes, which intrude rocks of the Cretaceous Koegel Fontein igneous complex. The magmas have moderate to strong HIMU isotope signatures, consistent with a deep convecting mantle origin. Olivine from the Western Cape and Bushmanland clusters have  $\delta^{18}\text{O}$  values of between 4.99-5.26‰ Day et al. (2014), with an average of 5.14‰ (n=12). This is within the range of peridotitic mantle olivines (Mattey et al. 1994). Olivine from the Namaqualand cluster have similar  $\delta^{18}\text{O}$  values (mean 5.04‰), but the range is larger (4.23 to 5.30‰, n=24). The olivines with lowest  $\delta^{18}\text{O}$  values are from pipes that were emplaced into the ~134 Ma Koegel Fontein igneous complex (average  $\delta^{18}\text{O}$  = 4.94‰).

The country rock at Koegel Fontein complex is cut by a shear zone with  $\delta^{18}\text{O}$  values as low as -3.3‰. The low  $\delta^{18}\text{O}$  values of olivine in the melilitites is best explained by assimilation of Koegel Fontein country rock crust having the lowest measured  $\delta^{18}\text{O}$  values. Large amounts of crustal assimilation are not plausible as they would result in detectable increases in  $\text{SiO}_2$  and Pb/Ce ratios. There is no correlation between  $\delta^{18}\text{O}$  value and initial Sr and Nd isotope ratio or any other index of crustal contamination. Up to 10% crustal assimilation may be ubiquitous in olivine melilitite, but is only recognised at Koegel Fontein where the country rock, which is compositionally similar throughout the NBW province, has very low  $\delta^{18}\text{O}$  values.