## Pb nanospheres in Hadean and Eoarchean zircon at Jack Hills

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Hadean and Archean zircons from Jack Hills in the Yilgarn Craton of Western Australia record micro- and nanometre variations in Pb. Radiogenic lead (Pb\*) atoms were originally considered to be located in the zircon structure [1]. However, it was established that Pb\* formed nanoclusters, with localized concentrations likely resulting from a later thermal event affecting radiation damaged zircon [2] A further study on zircon from the W74 site recorded a concordant <sup>207</sup>Pb/<sup>206</sup>Pb age of 4463 Ma, which was, however, spurious because of Pb\* clustering [3]. We have utilized TEM to analyse zircons from the W74 site with a range of U,  $\delta^{18}$ O and OH contents, and variable discordance. We discovered that Pb nanospheres are also present in Jack Hills zircon and are present irrespective of geochronological concordance, and are not correlated with U, Th,  $\delta^{18}O$  and OH contents [5]. Furthermore, they show no evidence of UHT conditions, which is significantly different from the UHT rocks in Enderby Land, Antarctica [6] and Kerala in India [7] where nanospheres in zircons were previously discovered.

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[1] Utsunomiya et al., 2004 GCA 68, 4679-4686. [2] Valley et al., 2014 Nat Geosci 7, 219-223. [3] Ge et al., 2018. Geology, 46, 303-306. [4] Pidgeon et al., 2017 GCA 197, 142-166. [5] Kusiak et al., 2023 Sci Rep 13, 895. [6] Kusiak et al., 2015 PNAS 112, 4958-4963. [7] Whitehouse et al., 2017, Miner Petrol 111, 467-474.