

Simulation Predictions of Non-Linear Optics at Solid-Liquid Interfaces

M. PŘEDOTA¹, O. KROUTIL¹, D. BIRIUKOV¹, S. PEZZOTTI², A. MARCHIORO³, M. BISCHOFF³, M.-P. GAIGEOT², S. ROKE³

¹Institute of Physics, Faculty of Science, University of South Bohemia, Ceske Budejovice, Czech Republic,
predota@prf.jcu.cz

²Laboratoire Analyse et Modélisation pour la Biologie et l'Environnement (LAMBE), CNRS, Université d'Evry val d'Essonne, Evry, France

³Laboratory for fundamental BioPhotonics, Institute of Bioengineering, and Institute of Materials Science, School of Engineering, EPFL Lausanne, Switzerland

We report two applications of classical molecular dynamics simulations of solid-liquid interfaces linked with non-linear optics experiments with emphasis on interfaces between mineral particles and aqueous solutions:

1) Using non-polarizable flexible model of water we successfully predict phase-resolved vibrational sum frequency generation (vSFG) spectra of air/water, fluorite (111)/water and α -alumina (0001)/water interfaces. This strongly reduces computation cost compared to *ab initio* calculations [1] and opens the possibility to study larger systems for long periods of time.

2) Using the rigid model of water and analysing dipolar orientation of the interfacial water as a function of surface charge (pH) and ionic strength, we provide simulation evidence allowing for molecular interpretation of polarimetric angle-resolved second harmonic scattering (ARSHS) experiments carried out on SiO_2 and TiO_2 colloidal suspensions [2].

[1] S. Pezzotti, D. R. Galimberti, and M.-P. Gaigeot (2019) *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.* **21**, 22188-22202.

[2] A. Marchioro, M. Bischoff, C. Lütgebaucks, D. Biriukov, M. Předota and S. Roke (2019) *J. Phys. Chem. C* **123**, 20393–20404.