## Tracing an intraoceanic Paleozoic subduction zone in western Junggar of China by geophysical imaging

YIXIAN XU<sup>1</sup>, YING LIU<sup>2</sup>, SHUCHENG WU<sup>3</sup>, BO YANG<sup>1</sup>, SHENG ZHANG<sup>2</sup>, RONG HUANG<sup>2</sup>, YINGJIE YANG<sup>3</sup>, QINYAN WANG<sup>1</sup>, LUPEI ZHU<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>School of Earth Sciences, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou, 310027, China

<sup>2</sup> Hubei Subsurface Multi-scale Imaging Laboratory (SMIL), Institute of Geophysics and Geomatics, China University of Geosciences, Wuhan, 430074, China

<sup>3</sup>ARC Centre of Excellence for Core to Crust Fluid Systems/GEMOC, Dept. Earth and Planetary Sciences, Macquarie University, North Ryde, NSW 2109, Australia

<sup>4</sup>Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences, Saint Louis University, St. Louis, MO 63108, USA

Western Junggar is located in the southwest of the Central Asian Orogenic belt (CAOB). Its formation and evolution during the Paleozoic is still under hot debate.

In this study, we use magnetotelluric (MT) profiling and seismic array data to image the deep structure of western Junggar. The geometries of electrical conductivity and shear velocity clearly reveal a failed intraoceanic subduction system which is belived to develop during the late Paleozoic and very similar to a modern one. The variations of the Moho depth imaged by Ps phases is closely related to the variations of temperature. Some bowl-shaped intrusions characterized by MT data show their emplacement in an extension setting, limiting the failature of subduction to be around 320 Ma. The minimum resistivity directions in the crust and in the lithospheric mantle display a ~70 degrees difference, which could be ascribed to an oblique subduction. Combining geological and geochemical data, we synthesize an evolution model for the western Junggar during the Paleozoic time.

The study is financially supported by National Science Foundation of China (NSFC) under grants of 41530319 and 41374079, and China Geological Survey grant 1212011220245.

Reference

Xu, Y., et al., 2016. J. Geophys. Res. Solid Earth 121, 83–98. Yang, B. et al., 2016. J. App. Geophys. 135, 288-296. Liu, Y., et al., 2016. Geophys. J. Inter., in revision. Zhang, S., et al., 2016. Tectonophysics, in revision. Wu, S., et al., 2017. in preparation.