## Climatic versus geochemical controls on soil organic matter stabilization and greenhouse gas emissions along altitudinal transects in different mountain regions

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We present novel data from altitudinal transects of four mountain regions (in Austria, Bolivia, China, Tanzania) which cover a wide range of natural ecosystems under different climates and soil geochemistry. Soil samples were subjected to a combination of aggregate and particle-size fractionation followed by organic C, total nitrogen, stable isotope (<sup>13</sup>C, <sup>15</sup>N) analyses of bulk soil and soil fractions. Bulk soils were further characterized for their texture and geochemistry (Na, K, Ca, Mg, CEC, Al, Fe, Mn, Si, P) and incubated for 63 days to assess greenhouse gas emissions (CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, NO, N<sub>2</sub>O) and the stable C isotopic signature of soil respired CO<sub>2</sub>.