

## **Inhibitive effects of clay particle organization on cesium desorption: Prediction of intrinsic cesium desorption from Na-smectite in cation solutions**

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Fine clay particles have functioned as transport media for radiocesium in terrestrial environments after nuclear accidents. Because radiocesium is expected to be retained in clay minerals by a cation exchange reaction, ascertaining trace cesium desorption behavior in response to changing solution conditions is crucially important. Natural water is usually a mixture of  $\text{Na}^+$  and divalent cations ( $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  and  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$ ). This study therefore investigated the desorption behavior of intrinsic Cs in smectite in single and mixed  $\text{Na}^+$ -divalent cation solutions under widely various cation concentrations using batch experiments, in-situ grain size measurements, and cation exchange modeling (CEM) (Fukushi et al. 2014; Fukushi and Fukiage, 2015). The results from the single cation additions demonstrated that the spatial organization of the smectite platelets triggered by the divalent cations led to the apparent fixation of intrinsic Cs in smectite, because some Cs is retained inside the formed tactoids. The results from the mixed  $\text{Na}^+$ -divalent cations additions showed that increased  $\text{Na}^+$  concentrations facilitate Cs desorption because  $\text{Na}^+$  serves as the dispersion agent. A linear relation was obtained between the logarithm of the  $\text{Na}^+$  fraction and the accessible Cs fraction in smectite. That relation enables the prediction of accessible Cs fraction as a function of solution cationic compositions. The corrected CEM considering the effects of the spatial organization suggests that the stability of intrinsic Cs in the smectite is governed by the  $\text{Na}^+$  concentration, and suggests that it is almost independent of the concentrations of divalent cations in natural water.

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